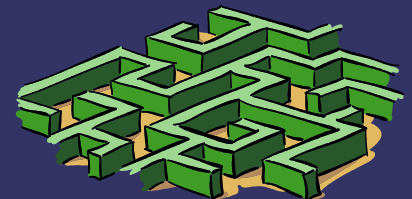


Alternate Root Name Server Systems

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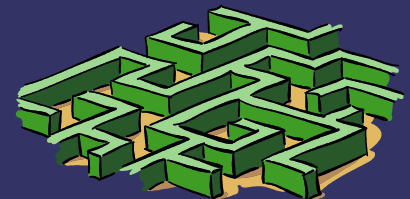
Zones

⇒ Identity:

- Name (domain of apex)
- Serial number (apex SOA RR)

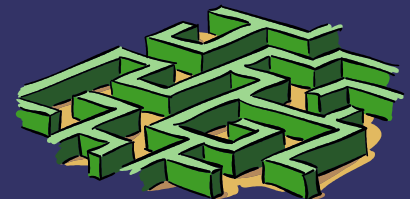
⇒ Content:

- Apex NS RR set (plus glue A/AAAA and DNSSEC-bis meta-data)
- In-zone content (not delegations)
- Delegation (non-apex NS RR sets, plus glue A/AAAA and DNSSEC-bis meta-data)



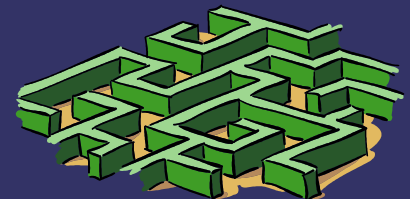
Identity vs. Content

- ⇒ Zone identity $\langle name, serial \rangle$ is used to for management of zone transfer (AXFR/IXFR)
- ⇒ Zone content is not expected by clients to be different if $\langle name, serial \rangle$ is not different
- ⇒ In practice, some content is more sensitive to identity mapping than others
 - In-zone content, and delegations: *very sensitive*
 - Apex NS RR set, glue, meta-data: *not sensitive*
- ⇒ Alternate root name server systems depend on this (demonstrated) insensitivity



Uses For Alternativity

- ⇒ Changing the NS RR set but mirroring everything else (private system)
- ⇒ Adding new glue types that might not be understood by older clients (AAAA, etc)
- ⇒ Adding new meta-data types that might not be understood by older clients (DNSSEC-bis, etc)
- ⇒ Testing new protocol options (EDNSn, etc)



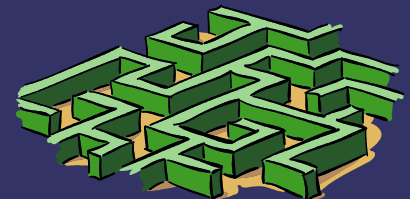
Pitfalls

- ➔ Mathematically speaking, this form of alternate root server system is equivalent to the paranoia/piracy based ones
- ➔ Politically speaking, if IANA drives it, and if it's the same root server operators, and the same infrastructure, it should be OK
- ➔ The message would have to be crafted and published very carefully to avoid rioting
- ➔ Only users of the alternate root.hints file should ever see alternative data



First Proposal

- ➔ IANA should publish an advanced services zone by FTP, containing DS RR for .SE (and others?), and signed by a published key?
- ➔ This would allow testbed operators to base their zones on IANA's data with no need to amend the zone content beyond changing the apex NS RR set.



Second Proposal

- ➔ IANA should ask the existing rootops to establish a (virtual?) second infrastructure with one-off IPv4 and IPv6 addresses under names like `x.root-advanced.net`?
- ➔ Next, IANA should publish (AXFR/IXFR) an advanced services zone and associated `root.hints` file with the new server names?
- ➔ This would allow migration to full IPv6 glue and DNSSEC-bis without destabilizing the current root server system.

